

MONMOUTH COLLEGE  
SIENKEWICZ LECTURE  
ON ROMAN ARCHAEOLOGY



THIRD ANNUAL SIENKEWICZ LECTURE ON ROMAN ARCHAEOLOGY

**STEVEN L. TUCK**

PROFESSOR AND CHAIR OF CLASSICS, MIAMI UNIVERSITY

**WHERE DID THE  
POMPEIANS GO?**

SEARCHING FOR SURVIVORS FROM  
THE ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS, AD 79

**7:30 PM SEP 24**

MONMOUTH COLLEGE PATTEE AUDITORIUM  
CENTER FOR SCIENCE AND BUSINESS, ROOM 100



1853



STEVEN L. TUCK is Professor of Classics at Miami University. He received his Ph.D. in Classical Art and Archaeology from the University of Michigan. Tuck is the author of *A History of Roman Art* and many articles and chapters on Roman art, especially Roman sculpture. He also publishes on Latin epigraphy including *Latin Inscriptions in the Kelsey Museum: The Dennison & De Criscio Collections* and on spectacle entertainments in the Roman world. Tuck has written and recorded five courses on the ancient world for *The Great Courses*. He has received nine awards for undergraduate teaching, including the Archaeological Institute of America Excellence in Undergraduate Teaching Award.

## WHERE DID THE POMPEIANS GO? SEARCHING FOR SURVIVORS FROM THE ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS, AD 79

THE GOAL OF THIS PROJECT is to attempt to answer definitely whether people from Pompeii and Herculaneum survived the eruption of Vesuvius in AD 79 and if so, whether survivors can be located in the Roman world. After creating 8 categories of evidence that might indicate refugee resettlement including individuals whose movement is documented, Roman family names, voting tribes, refugee intermarriage, new infrastructure, and cultural evidence, I created databases of family names from Pompeii, Herculaneum, and the prospective refuge cities of Capua, Cumae, Naples, Nola, Ostia, Paestum, Puteoli, Salerno, Surrentum, Ulubrae, and Velia. Analysis of this material across the 8 categories of evidence finds that the coastal communities of Cumae, Naples, Puteoli, and Ostia provide the best support for refugee resettlement. For, example, at Cumae two members of the Sulpicius family recorded at Pompeii late in the life of the city died at Cumae in the late 1st century. They were joined there by members of the Pompeian branches of the Licinii and Lucretii, who intermarried in the new city. The patterns indicate that more people survived from Pompeii than from Herculaneum, that most stayed in coastal Campania, and that government intervention and support came after resettlement, but did not drive it. Additionally, the refugees that can be traced seem to have selected refuge cities based on personal factors such as social and economic networks.

THE MONMOUTH COLLEGE  
DEPARTMENT OF CLASSICS AND THE  
WESTERN ILLINOIS SOCIETY OF THE  
ARCHAEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE OF AMERICA

PRESENT THE  
THIRD ANNUAL

SIENKEWICZ LECTURE  
ON ROMAN ARCHAEOLOGY

7:30 P.M. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2019  
CENTER FOR SCIENCE AND BUSINESS  
PATTEE AUDITORIUM

- Community Welcome . . . . . Dr. Robert Holschuh Simmons  
Associate Professor and Co-Chair  
Department of Classics
- Introduction of Speaker . . . . . Emili Smucker '20  
Classics major  
President of the Classics Club  
President of Eta Sigma Phi
- Sienkewicz Lecture on Roman Archaeology. . . . . Dr. Steven L. Tuck  
Professor of Classics  
Miami University

## PAST SIENKEWICZ LECTURES

- 2017 **Victor M. Martinez** . . . “The Decline and Falls of the Roman Material Economy or How to Trash Talk Rome”
- 2018 **Nathan Elkins** . . . . . “The Significance of Images in the Reign of Nerva”



THE THOMAS J. AND ANNE W. SIENKEWICZ LECTURE on Roman Archaeology was established by an anonymous donor in 2017 to support the annual archaeological lecture series sponsored by the Monmouth College Department of Classics and the Western Illinois Society of the Archaeological Institute of America. Tom Sienkewicz was Minnie Billings Capron Chair of Classics at Monmouth College from 1985 until 2017. During his career he

taught a wide range of classics courses, many with strong archaeological features, including Classical Mythology, the Ancient Family, and Africa in the Ancient World. In 1984 he founded the Western Illinois Society of the Archaeological Institute of America, which, since its inception, has hosted hundreds of archaeological lectures at Monmouth. His wife, Anne, has been a loyal supporter of archaeology and over the years has hosted countless speakers.



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